UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

11-CR-264 -v-

JULIUS DeSIMONE, et al.,

Defendants.

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Transcript of Summation regarding the above-referenced matter, held before the Honorable David N. Hurd, United States District Court Judge, at the Alexander Pirnie Federal Courthouse, 10 Broad Street, Utica, New York, on October 12, 2012.

APPEARANCES: U.S. Department of Justice

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MR. GLEASON: Thank you, your Honor.

Counsel, Your Honor. Members of the jury, three great forces rule the world: stupidity, fear and greed. And that's a quote by Albert Einstein. It was in a very different context to be sure, but nowhere is it more 4applicable than this case.

Greed. The beginning of this trial my co-counsel, Mr. Donner, told you that this was a case about pollution for profit and, indeed, that's what the evidence has shown. The evidence has shown specifically that the defendants in this case and other conspirators stood to make a great deal of money, both saving money by bringing materials upstate and dumping them and by people in upstate getting the fees for the dumping itself and you can see this cost savings and those cost gains were significant, particularly when you consider the tonnage that was being dumped.

Likewise, the defendants stood to gain a great deal here. Defendant Nicastro, in particular, for development of -- that he hoped to get from the property once the property was filled in. Last, with respect to the Mazza defendant, specifically, found a cheap way to get rid of contaminated materials that were continually being rejected at Delaware Recycling Products, Inc., DRPI.

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This was a consequence of that greed, an open landfill, unpermitted in Upstate New York.

Thousands and thousands of pounds of pulverized construction and demolition debris, much of which was contaminated with asbestos. The pictures speak a thousand words here, folks.

Stupidity. The way this crime was committed was ridiculous and it's the greed, the unbridled brazenness the defendant exhibited here which is what got them caught. There's no doubt about that, folks. They ran a landfill with no scales, no fence, no liner, and none of the other features that a normal landfill would have to protect human health and the environment.

The defendants here cut corners, broke regulations, violated statutes, all intended to protect the community and they were so brazen about it, that that's what got them caught.

The pictures of the landfill speak a thousand words here, folks. Especially when you compare it to a normal landfill. Even Mr. Mazza's solid waste management facility, you saw that there were fences, scales, site controls at that landfill. None of that is present here.

Likewise, it was the unbridled greed that

fear, folks.

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led them to get so desperate for more business that they started soliciting other companies. To that end, after months of dumping they decided, okay, now we'll do a permit but we'll do it via laser printer. We won't actually apply for a permit, we'll just make one ourselves. But they never even got that right, folks.

One of the copies says new backstakes, just to show you how illegal this whole enterprise actually was.

And fear. Fear. Once the defendants and co-conspirator to this crime knew they were being investigated, they started falsifying disposal reports, lying to law enforcement, concealing documents, all in an

Now, as Mr. Donner told you, my job now is to go through each of the crimes charged against each of the defendants, talk to you about the elements of those crimes and how our proof satisfies those elements. We have the burden of proof here, ladies and gentlemen.

It's a burden that we readily accept and a burden which,

effort to cover their tracks, and that was all out of

Before I get to talking about the evidence specifically, I do need to talk to you about the conspiracy law generally and orient you as to these different charges. Now, at the end, Your Honor here will

we submit, we more than exceeded here.

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provide the jury instructions. If there's anything I say that conflicts with what he says with respect to law, follow what Your Honor says. Okay? But I do need to orient you here a little bit so you have a sense of where we're going.

A conspiracy is not an elaborate, complicated concept here, folks, and there's been some confusion that's been infused with this trial. So what a conspiracy is, fundamentally, an agreement. A conspiracy is simply an agreement between one or more co-conspirators and it's an agreement to commit a crime. In this case the conspiracy we have charged has what's called multiple prongs, multiple objects to violate -- a conspiracy to violate specific laws.

at the end with respect to what the knowledge intent is to each of those prongs. Pay particular attention when he talks about the prongs intended for the Clean Water Act prong of the conspiracy relating to the wetlands. It's a general intent standard. He will explain what that means but suffice it to say that ignorance of the law is no defense. That's something we can all understand. It needs to be an agreement to commit a crime and one or more co-conspirator needs to commit an overt act in furtherance of the conspiracy. One or more

overt acts. We have alleged dozens in the indictment.

The overt act doesn't need to be unlawful in its own right, folks. So a good analogy here is a bank robbery conspiracy. Three guys meet, they talk about let's go rob a bank. There's your agreement. Then they decide let's go out to Walmart and buy ski masks. Buying the ski masks in its own right at Walmart, not illegal, but it's an overt act in furtherance of that conspiracy. That's all that's required. Okay? It's all that's required and the overt act doesn't need to be committed by either of the gentlemen in this room, it can be committed by any co-conspirator -- charged, uncharged, indicted, unindicted, dead or alive. There's a person in the conspiracy that committed an overt act. That's enough. You're in for a penny, you're in for a pound.

So I'd like to talk now about the evidence specifically. Now, we don't need to prove motive in this case. That's not an element of the conspiracy crime but it's nonetheless instructive here so I am going to go through it.

So let's start with defendant Cross
Nicastro. His own grand jury testimony will be sprinkled
throughout my presentation. His own words here are very
telling. First, he said it's tough to farm a site due to
the soggy areas. He wanted to get out of the farming

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community. He wanted to do something else. His own grand jury testimony spells that out. Question. You had said it was somewhat difficult to farm that particular property. Isn't that right? His answer, yes. You said it's soggy, that was in your -- during certain times of the year; is that correct? Yes. Soggy areas, folks, and the another way to say that is wetlands or jurisdictional waters. I wanted to make it more usable for development and his own cousin, Chris Nicastro, said that he wanted the site developed and filled to build a restaurant or some other commercial enterprise. That's what he wanted to do with the property. He was done farming. Wasn't making enough money. It was too difficult. He wanted to do something else.

Motive for Mazza defendants. Well, it's financial, folks. That's the first reason. You heard Patrick Stamato testify, an individual with a lot of years in the solid waste business, said it usually costs about a hundred dollars a ton in downstate and New Jersey. The deal Mr. Mazza struck, Mr. Decker to dump with this property was \$52 a ton. It's cutting his cost in half, folks. Even if the materials were uncontaminated. But then that leads us to the other motive. He had a history of rejections at Delaware Recycling Products, leading right up to the opening of

the Frankfort site.

Fulton Williams testified to that effect and if you look at government's -- Government Exhibit 34-D, which I urge you to do in the jury room, given how hard it's to read on screen, I would certainly urge you to look at the pattern. I'll talk about that. I'll talk about that more in a moment but that was one of the motives. He was having trouble getting rid of the materials. Even admitted that on the stand. He was having trouble getting rid of these materials.

Counsel for Mr. Mazza said at one point during the trial, during cross-examination, the site was open for abuse. Exactly. This site was open for abuse. Dominick Mazza was having trouble getting rid of materials in the summer of 2006. The opportunity came along, he saw a site open for abuse, he could get rid of it cheap, you could get rid of it easy and that's what he did.

Other conspirators to this crime are listed on the screen. I'm not going to go through all those motives, but those are other conspirators, folks, and those are their motives. So let's get to the first element here. What exactly was the agreement? You heard a lot of cross-examination to the effect of, well, maybe he didn't agree with that or this aspect of the

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conspiracy. Maybe he didn't enter into an agreement with respect to this or that. Fundamentally, folks, the overall agreement was to make and save money by illegally dumping at the Frankfort site. That's uniform to everybody, including the two individuals in this room, including the unindicted co-conspirators, even including the other individuals listed on the previous screen. Every one of them wanted to make or save money by illegally dumping at the Frankfort site. It's just that simple. They may have achieved those objectives through different means, they may have gone about it differently but that was the overall objective.

So, with respect to the conspiracy, let's talk about who agreed with who. There's been a lot of testimony about, well, maybe he didn't agree with this person, that person, maybe he didn't know this person or that person. Let's start with Cross Nicastro and, again, his own grand jury testimony, his own mouth talks about the fact that before the dumping got started several individuals came up to visit the property and he quibbled, no. No, that's not true. Nicholas Marangi never visited that property. Yes, he did. But he said several. Don Torriero visited that property as well. Yes. Butch Luther visited that property. Yes. So that would be several individuals visited the property then.

Correct? Okay.

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When Mr. Marangi visited the property you discussed where the filling was to occur. Didn't you? The extent of the filling on the property. Yes. regardless, at some point in the spring of 2006 you and an individual by the name of George Luther did discuss filling that property; is that right? His answer, right. At some point you met with Mr. Luther and two gentlemen by the name of Mr. Nicholas Marangi and Mr. Julius DeSimone, correct? Correct. And you discussed filling that property. Yes. Regardless, Mr. Marangi was the person who was going to provide the filling material to fill that property. Yes. Mr. Luther was going to run the excavation and filling operations onsite; is that right? Yes. In other words, George Luther was going to run the bulldozer onsite to move the filling material around. Correct? Yes. And Mr. DeSimone would run the finances and operations onsite; is that right? George Luther ran the finances.

How can he say to you, members of the jury, that he wasn't involved in the agreement that led to this filling? How can they say that to you? Listen to his own testimony. He was involved in the extent -- deciding the extent of the filling, how it was going to be filled, the financial agreements. He was in this up

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to his neck and then they took it a step further and they executed a general agreement for the filling of that property. That property which, as you can see here, members of the jury, they discussed the extent of the filling, it's set forth in the orange outline here. That's the extent of the filling.

Julius DeSimone, George Luther, all these people -- Special Agent Derx, Investigator Clarke all talked about the extent of the filling. That's what the orange line is. That's the area that they wanted filled. So they executed an agreement to that effect. Two sections are of particular note here. Three dollars a ton for the dumping. Nicholas Marangi was going to pay them \$3 a ton to dump there.

Section 5. This is important, folks.

It's a five-year exclusive contract. They were going to dump there for five years and I believe there's an extension in the contract for another three but let's stick with five years for now. That's what they did in just two or three months. And look who signed the agreement. Cross Nicastro, Butch Luther, Nicholas Marangi.

We don't need to prove -- reduce a conspiracy to a writing here, folks. But here that's what they did. Now, the other point that I think needs

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to be made here early on about what exactly the agreement was, what it was they were agreeing to do here, if you find it doesn't need to be -- you don't need to find absolutely every single prong of the conspiracy or that every aspect listed on the screen is illegal. You need to find one of them. If the Frankfort site was projected to fill wetland or waters, if it was within a hundred feet of those waters, if it was within 50 feet of South Side Road, if it was accepting unrecognizable pulverized materials and contaminated materials or generating fees or other consideration, making money off of dumping, it was an illegal landfill and that agreement was a reduced writing, reducing the agreement.

If so -- moving on. So the -- the -- it's pretty clear from that that Cross Nicastro had an agreement with all the individuals listed on that screen, Nicholas Marangi, Don Torriero, Eagle Recycling, which is Nick Marangi's and Don Torriero's company, George Luther, Tannery Road, L.L.C., which is a company that George Luther established. Jon Deck. I've got an asterisk there, folks.

Several of the defendants have argued throughout this trial they didn't know or meet certain individuals. We don't need to prove that they all knew each other. Jon Deck was arranging for the transport of

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the materials to this site. Nicholas -- pardon me.

Cross Nicastro and Dominick Mazza didn't need to know him

necessarily to prove there was a conspiracy, and let me

give you an example.

A drug conspiracy. The people cutting the cocaine and shipping it from Colombia to Florida don't know the street-level dealers in Washington, D.C., or Philadelphia but it's a drug distribution conspiracy nonetheless. They were all aware of the crime, they are all aware of the illegality of it.

Cross Nicastro's property was this -- was the object of all the shipments that Jon Deck arranged. And now let's talk about the -- who it was that the Mazza defendants entered into an agreement with and let's start with the very document upon which Dominick Mazza allegedly relied in sending up these 21 loads of contaminated material up to the Frankfort site. Let's start there.

Look at all the names that are listed on his copy of that permit. Jon Deck, Don Torriero, Nicholas Marangi, Tannery Road, L.L.C., and then Cross Nicastro's address. He was certainly aware of all of these players. They were all listed on the very document he says that he read. It's right there, folks.

And this is a point where I'm going to

pause and talk to you a little bit about Dominick Mazza's testimony yesterday. He took the stand and he told you he read this over quickly, and based on this and a quick conversation with Jon Deck, he sent the shipments from his facilities up to Frankfort, New York.

You need to ask yourself whether that was credible testimony. He's been with the solid waste business which is heavily regulated, fairly rough business for 20 or 30 years. Decades I think is what he said. A guy he's never dealt with before shows up, doesn't know Jon Deck from Adam, shows up, hands him this piece of paper and says, go ahead, let's start shipping stuff up. He doesn't inquire with any of the other people on this page, he gives it a quick speed-read. He starts shipping stuff up.

Is that really credible, members of the jury? He's got a whole family of people depending on him, on this business, generating money which was one of his priorities, and he just says, I'm going to send up solid waste to someplace I've never seen based on one five-minute conversation with Jon Deck. Is that really credible explanation? Or is it more likely that he was having trouble getting materials disposed of, he was getting things rejected in Delaware, he saw an opportunity and he took full advantage of it. Is that

more likely, folks?

Nonetheless, you can see he was aware of all these other players. He certainly talked to Jon Deck about the shipments. Nicholas Marangi. All these other people were listed there and he was sending the materials to Cross Nicastro's property.

Likewise, folks, follow the money here.

If you don't believe the contracts I've just shown you, if you don't believe the permit letter, the fraud letter, follow the money here and, again, let's start with Cross Nicastro's own grand jury testimony. It says that Mr. DeSimone and Mr. Luther all got paid a fee for the dumping that occurred at the farm for the site; is that right? His answer, yes. There's a contract for the filling of that site, isn't that right? Yes, there is. I won't go through all this. I'm not going to read all that to you but, regardless, he talks about the fact there is an even money split here.

Money was gone. One dollar Butch Luther, one to DeSimone, one to Nicastro, there's a monetary relationship, there's a flow of money happening here. Likewise, look at the other money trails that are involved in this case. You've got Eagle, which is Nicholas Marangi's company sending money to Jon Deck. You've got Tannery Road, which is Butch Luther's company

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sending money to Cross Nicastro, and we have got government exhibits that speaks to all this. Look at all these money trails, folks. You've got Mazza paying Deck and then Deck turning around and paying Tannery Road. The money trails say a lot here, folks.

Now, I'm going to stop here and talk about the members of this conspiracy. As I alluded to already, it's not just the two men and their companies here that are conspirators. Julius DeSimone and Butch Luther were conspirators, that's why we put them on the stand.

Candidly, I think you saw what they testified to. Julius DeSimone, in particular. It's a man who's pled guilty to, among other things, making false statements.

Folks, you shouldn't believe a word that man says -- not a word -- unless, of course, it's corroborated by other evidence in this case and it is. A lot of what he said is corroborated by other evidence. It's rare to find people who are in the throes of the conspiracy without clean hands. It's just not going to happen. We wanted to show you folks who was involved in this conspiracy. That's why we put them on the stand.

So let's talk about the conspiracy prongs of the conspiracy. The first one, Clean Water Act, to fill waters of the United States. As I mentioned, we had multiple individuals talk about the extent of the filling

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and that's the orange lines on that diagram. Likewise, you have Army Corps wetland, Joshua Frost, who went out to the site, did research, and in his expert opinion found three wetlands in the fill area. Along with multiple streams going right into the Mohawk River. Federal waters, in his estimation.

And then you had the Mazza defendants put up another expert who corroborated those findings. there any conclusion that he came to yesterday that refuted what Josh Frost said? The answer is no. Now, both those people said we don't -- both those -- Josh Frost said he doesn't know whether the actually existing fill pad -- whether that actually got into wetland or not. He couldn't -- he couldn't dig around the bottom of the pile. Likewise, the defendants' expert didn't dig around at the bottom of the pile to find hydro soils but, again, the conspiracy doesn't need to succeed, rather, it needs to be an agreement to do an act the law forbids and in this case, folks, the act is clear. Even the defendants' own expert, when I asked him the question if they got into wetland, if they continue to fill west and they got into that wetland, would that be a crime, he said yes, it absolutely is.

That's all we need to show and, again, this is a blow-up for your edification. And the other

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thing that's important to note here is, I've said, there's a five-year contract. That's what they filled in three months. Four hundred truckloads in three months by the conspirators, 21 of which came from Mazda & Sons, 403 months. How many truckloads are going to go up there in 60 months and the conspiracy was accelerating.

Asbestos wasn't going to go straight up.

We weren't going to have a fill pad that was the height of a skyscraper, folks. They had nowhere to go. Cross Nicastro's boundary ends at the eastern end of his property. Only places to go were west and north. They were going to get into those wetlands. There's no doubt about that. And there's the particular section again of the agreement that talks about being a five-year exclusive.

And, again, let's go back to the defendant Nicastro's own grand jury testimony. I'll draw your attention to the bottom. Question 14, when Mr. Marangi visited the property, you discussed where the fill was to occur, didn't you? The extent of the filling on the property. His answer was yes. Defendant Cross Nicastro knew exactly where the fill was going to go over the next five years, that's what he wanted, that was the whole point, was to get this property and these soggy areas filled so he could build something.

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Again, the other thing we need to show, it was done without a permit or they didn't have an intention to have a permit. Well, look at the purported permit they put in front of you. The dumping began in June 2006, the date on that agreement June or July, I should say, the date on the agreement was September. They have been dumping for months before that even occurred to them, well, maybe we should get at least something that looks like a permit and, again, go to the grand jury testimony, folks. You've been filling this for 20 years. His answer, probably. Anything from New York state? No. Anything from the federal government? No. EPA? No. Army Corps? No. There was no permit for the filling. There wasn't going to be a permit for the filling. Folks, the only reason they didn't get any of these wetlands is because this is one of those fortunate circumstances where law enforcement caught them before they caused the damage. Before they -- well, before they caused damage to those wetlands depicted on that diagram. They certainly caused quite a bit of damage with what they did. The next part, the part 360 Regulations, which are state regulations. Specific, can't be, one, a hundred feet of a wetland or water, water can't be within

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50 feet of a public right of way. Folks, what does the picture show you? It's right on South Side Road. You can see the floodplain to the west, right beyond the hay bales where it starts. You've got the Mohawk River right there.

Likewise, there have to be engineering studies, groundwater controls, liners, all those types of things and, again, defendant Nicastro admits none of that was present on the site, not a one of them. No liner, no groundwater monitoring, no sampling.

So let's go to the knowledge aspect here. Were the defendants' actually aware of the part 360 Regulations? Go back to Mazza defendants' copy of their letter. The letter on which they allegedly relied for what they claim was legal dumping or what they thought was legal dumping. But the letter they got goes right -- right there it says what they were doing was illegal in its own right because, again, it wasn't a real good crime they committed. It wasn't a real smart plan they had, it was the best they could do. So, for instance, the copy of the letter he was providing specifically says it has to be recognizable, uncontaminated materials to include concrete, concrete products and the like. It also says it can't be hazardous waste.

Well, folks, look at the pictures again.

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There's household waste, there's lightbulbs, there's shingles, there's transite siding. None of which falls within that exemption. You've also got -- in this picture you've got the lightbulbs and you've got hazardous materials in there and I'll get to that in more detail in a minute but I want to pause here and say, yesterday Dominick Mazza again takes the stand and said, those types of materials couldn't have come from my facility, I had that great star screen system.

Well, he's also admitted he had a grinder on site. But he nonetheless stuck right with his story. That material couldn't have come from my site. My site was only generating something that looked like sand. Why is it, then, that New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Inspector Brandi McPeak came in and testified that's exactly what she saw at the Mazza facility, that they were generating. Why is that, folks? She didn't have a dog in this fight. Rather, the only person that said this material was clean, wonderful, that the star screen system generated this material was Dominick Mazza.

Dominick Mazza stands the most to lose in this case. Again, the samples came up high for asbestos, folks. Again, his own letter, if you don't -- if you don't buy that, folks, fine. The letter specifically says you can't be exchanging money for dumping. That's

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pretty much uncontested. They were exchanging money for the dumping and, likewise, don't forget with respect to Mr. Nicastro. Mr. Nicastro admitted to special agents that when the first loads started coming in, he saw that wasn't clean fill and, folks, he was there every day. He saw this stuff coming in every day. I'll get to this in much more detail.

Another prong of the conspiracy is what we call Superfund law. It's -- the acronym is CERCLA and it's -- it specifies that if you release one pound or more of a hazardous substance within a 24-hour period, not going to get into that in great detail, suffice to say that's exhibit -- Government Exhibit 1 is more or less dispositive on this point.

There's also a prong of the conspiracy known as client conspiracy but it's fraud, a conspiracy to defraud the United States from enforcing its own laws and here what you need to look to is the conspirators provide copies of the fraud letter to investigators.

When the investigators started getting wind of this site, some of the conspirators starting giving copies of this letter saying the site is legal. This site was legal.

Likewise, conspirators set up certain business entries to conceal the fact that consideration was being paid, like Tannery Road.

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And last, but not least, this brings you to a fairly big point. The Frankfort site was omitted on monthly solid waste disposal reports, submitted to New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection by Dominick Mazza and his company, thought the site was so legal. Folks, if they thought it was perfectly on the up and up, if they relied on Jon Deck, why isn't it on all the documents that get reported to the environmental agency? Why is that, folks? The site is on the up and up, why not just report it? That's not what he did. You look at the solid waste disposal report for October 2006 that was submitted to New Jersey DEP by the Mazza defendants. You can look there, compare it to what he was getting rejected in Delaware, he was having asbestos rejections in Delaware. Yet -- no. No asbestos problems. Look at the right-hand column. There's nothing there. Folks, go through Government Exhibit 45-E. Go through the whole thing. You won't see 45-E, the mention of Frankfort or Tannery Road in all those pages. Nowhere. Yet, all those pages to report it and he didn't. However, this is the interesting point. They call the witness yesterday from Monmouth County, not

copy of the same form. Why was that different, folks?

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Planning agency that uses the same form, they asked for a

environmental enforcement agency, a planning agency.

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Why? Still didn't mention asbestos. Didn't talk about that. But, Tannery Road somehow miraculously appears on this document.

Folks, this is the revised document. They revised it. That individual couldn't say definitely when the Monmouth County report was filed. Folks, it was filed after Dominick Mazza knew he was under investigation. He's messing around with the paperwork. There's no doubt about that, folks. Likewise, this isn't an isolated occurrence. This isn't a mistake. Take some of the documents he's got internally. Dominick Mazza was on the stand yesterday, he talked about scale receipts, something they generate for billing purposes.

Okay. So let's look at one of those loads, says -- Mazza talks about the facility I.D., tonnage, date, all that stuff and it lists Tannery Road, L.L.C. That's something he's going to use internally for billing purposes. Now, let's look at what's going to the State of New Jersey for the same exact shipment. Same tonnages, same date, same facility, but now we have got it going to Pennsylvania. Why is that, folks? Another coincidence. Likewise, there are other prongs of the indictment that -- that involve other conspirators. We won't necessarily get into that because it's not really something you need to consider given the defendants that

remain in this case.

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Last, I mention to you overt acts. You need to have one overt act committed by any of the co-conspirators. Doesn't need to be one of the conspirators in this room and we have listed dozens. There are payments, there are transmissions of that fraud letter, there are shipments, there's the dumping, there's the acts of concealment after the fact. All of those are overt acts in furtherance of this conspiracy.

Again, the conspiracy didn't need to succeed. They didn't need to get into the wetlands for us to make our burden on count one. So that's the -that is count one. That's the facts and that's the evidence that supports count one. So I want you to see the consequences of this conspiracy. I'm sure you're aware of it already but I think it's worth looking at. You've got an illegal wetland fill in Upstate New York, a fill pad that's approximately 30 feet thick of contaminated construction and demolition debris wide open to the public. There was testimony that there were bike tracks going back and forth across this property. You've got piles of contaminated material that had to be kept and dealt with as a Superfund site. You've got this type of material scattered all throughout the site. That's the consequences, folks.

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So that moves me on to count two. The actual Superfund count, the substantive Superfund count. Here's the elements we need to prove. There needs to be a release, a friable asbestos and a reportable quantity, which in this case is one pound, and you have to know of its release and fail to report it. Those are the elements, folks. So let's go through them. Regarding the release, Owen Loffredo from Serveco testified that he sent two trucks to pick up loads 1106 and 1109 at the Mazza facility and he preloaded those loads. So they were loaded on the 10th and he dispatched them up to the Frankfort site on the 11th. So, no doubt about that.

It also bears mentioning these are the manifests, okay? 1106 and 1109. Folks, you heard that over and over through this trial. It's obviously an important point. Don't forget, Dominick Mazza during his interview with federal agents, admitted to Special Agent Derx that he arranged to have those two loads dumped at Frankfort on the 11th. He admitted that. And you have two law enforcement eyewitnesses, folks. Two law enforcement eyewitnesses.

You have Corey Schoonover and you have
Investigator David Clarke. Two individuals that got
there during the early morning hours on October 11th and
saw three trucks, one of which was actively dumping that

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belonged to Eagle Recycling. There's no doubt about that. They also saw two other trucks onsite right near piles three, four and five. Those two trucks attempted to leave. They were sent right back into the facility and they were directed to stand by the piles that they just dumped. Those individuals were photographed and the documents were seized from them, the documents 1106 and 1109.

Okay? Now, I know that the defendants made a lot -- they tried to make a lot of hay out of the fact that Owen Loffredo, when he found out trucks have been stopped, that he sent them back to the Mazza facility and told them to dump it on their floor. He didn't actually see that, that's what he directed his drivers to do. He didn't see it. The two people that did see it were, again, Corey Schoonover and David Clarke. David Clarke testified that when those trucks left the site, they were empty.

Those trucks dumped those loads, folks.

This is direct evidence. There is no doubt about that.

And there's cross-examination that the defendants have gone into over and over again. Maybe it's not our pile, we don't think it was our piles, we dispute the fact it's our piles. Folks, they are, in essence -- what they in essence want you to believe is that -- I'll give

you a metaphore or an analogy.

Two officers are dispatched because they hear -- because gunshots are heard in an apartment. They go to the complex, they storm in through the door, they see a man with a machine gun standing, smoking machine gun standing over a woman that's been shot to pieces. These defendants would have you believe that's not sufficient evidence. That's not good enough because the officers didn't actually see the assailant pump the lead into this woman. That's what they want you to believe here.

It's nonsense, folks. Don't fall for that. You've got two law enforcement officers, law enforcement officers took the stand and say under oath those two trucks dumped those three piles or those two piles that tested positive and those are the piles specifically. I wanted to show you that.

Now, regarding friable asbestos -- this is an important point. Special Agent Justus Derx testified that he saw friable asbestos scattered throughout the piles dumped by Mazza and Son, Inc. He sampled that material, he took photographs of that material. He said it wasn't isolated, it was sampling, that was representative of material that was scattered throughout these -- these loads dumped by the Mazza defendants.

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Piles three, four and five correspond to samples 14, 15 and 16.

Likewise, he went into such detail that he photographed the samples in the bag and after they were in the bag, because he didn't want to expose himself, after they were in the bag he was able to reduce those samples to powders by hand pressure. He testified to that. There's the other sample, and then those samples were sent off for analysis and came up positive for regulated amounts of asbestos, folks. That's uncontested, those findings.

Likewise, we need to show there was one pound. Well, the total weight in the trucks was about 88,000 pounds, folks. Special Agent Derx testified that the material that -- that he sampled was commingled throughout those piles and he said it was consistent with the residential structure and he thought it was those same residential structure because he saw pink paint on the transite. How many houses have pink paint? He testified further that in his expert opinion, an expert, might I add, probably the foremost national expert on asbestos-related crimes, testified that there was probably 450 pounds of pure asbestos in such a small house. We need to prove one pound.

Last element is that the National Response

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Center wasn't notified. This is an easy one. National Response Center checked for their records and they didn't find a thing. To this day, folks, nobody has reported the release of hazardous substances on this site. Not defendant Nicastro, not defendant Mazza, not Mazza & Sons, Inc.

Likewise, the knowledge here. Again, you've got to go right back to Delaware Recycling Products. This is why this is important, folks.

Delaware Recycling Products has been rejecting things throughout the whole summer, the same types of materials, from Mazza and Sons, Inc., from August to September 2006. There is the history of the rejections. Dominick Mazza testified that he was aware of the problems, he had a conversation with Fulton Williams, one of the individuals who worked at DRPI. He was well aware that they were having this problem. He was well aware of the rejections and these are the -- these are the actual rejection notices that go along with the summary.

Again, look at the dates, look at the party. It's all going back to Mazza & Sons and the conversation was, in essence, you are costing me money. Dominick Mazza wasn't happy about this. Well -- and you heard what Dominick Mazza's attitude is here -- he said it on the stand yesterday. His attitude about this is,

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he makes more money the more trucks that are coming through his facility, and his workers are turning the trucks around quickly so they can keep generating revenue and he said something to the effect of I tried to follow the law where practicable, when it's possible, to the extent I can. But not if it's going to get in the way of generating revenue; he made that poignantly clear. He didn't take the stand, I'm sorry this happened, I'm totally aware of it. If I had known something about it, I would have done something about it. That's not what he testified to. That's not what he did.

Likewise, he knew he was having a problem in his facility. He said that yesterday. They have barrels around with asbestos here, things like that. So that's a -- that's the Superfund count.

With respect to the false statement, that's another charge against Dominick Mazza and his company. What we need to prove that he made a knowingly false statement that was material to the matter within federal jurisdiction, in this case, EPA. That's what we need to prove. Dominick Mazza stated -- let's go through this. He came up to Syracuse in 2008 and he said, among other things, initially, I didn't have any rejections whatsoever. He was asked that question. Did you have any rejections anywhere else? No. No. Then he was

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confronted with the paperwork, and might I -- and let me back up for a moment.

During that interview he was warned at length don't lie, don't guess, don't answer if you don't know. If you want to talk to your attorney, do so. If you violate those rules, it's a felony. He was warned at length. He was represented by counsel but, nonetheless, he lied. He said no, I had no rejections. Then he was confronted with the paperwork, the law enforcement agents said he got upset, he got irate. He admitted that he got irate. He said I believe that Mr. Benedict got him irate, got him all flustered.

Well, members of the jury, he also lied to you because he said that he -- he told them about these rejections before he saw the paperwork. That's just simply not true, folks. He lied to you about that. But, nonetheless, let's think about what he says if he gets upset, and his reaction is, I'm going to start lying. He didn't get upset and leave the room. He didn't get upset, say you people are acting like idiots. He didn't do that. His reaction apparently is when he's under pressure, he lied. That's what he did.

So we go through that episode, get caught once, you can see and then he's asked again, we have gone through this exercise once. Do you have any stuff

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rejected after October? Again, no. And he gets caught again. Documents get put in his face. So those are the documents and this time there are sample analyses that corresponded to it. Now he claims he wasn't aware of these sample analyses but he certainly told you on the stand he was aware of the rejections and aware that there was an asbestos problem.

Folks, again, this -- he put it up here just as a reference but Government Exhibit 34-D. Look through it. An interesting pattern develops here. We have rejections going to Delaware Recyclable Products all through August and then August 31 rejection stopped. But lo and behold, they pick up again on October 12th. Why is that date so relevant? It's the day after the Frankfort site got shut down. He wasn't getting things rejected in Delaware anymore because he had a new outlet for the unacceptable waste he was generating. And then when that new outlet at the Frankfort site went away, contaminated materials start going to Delaware.

Again, here's a point that a colleague of mine in Chattanooga makes from time to time. Dominick Mazza quibbled with me when I said you were prepped about this meeting by your attorney. How much prepping do you really need to tell the truth, folks? How much coaching do you need to tell the truth? He was asked a simple

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question. Tell the truth to federal agents. You don't need a lot of prepping to do that. So that brings us to obstruction of justice and this one is Dominick Mazza's company. What we need to prove is that he provided an altered document to a federal agency to influence an investigation. Here's what we don't need to prove, which I anticipate the defendant will argue. He actually impeded the investigation or that it was a good plan to impede or impair the investigation. That it was likely to succeed. We don't need to prove that. We absolutely had documents 1106 and 1109. We got them from Julius DeSimone.

It's not really the point, folks. The point is, he secreted the documents in an effort to shield himself from criminal liability. Let's go to the grand jury subpoena. Likewise -- before I get to that, before I get to that part of it, another point of Dominick Mazza's testimony yesterday which was, frankly, just incredible, was -- he runs a small family company, only a few family members that work there and he's got other people but he said it's got two shareholders, it's a small company.

Who handles the documents? Who actually deals with these documents? I don't know. You don't know? Maybe the ladies in the scale house, maybe --

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maybe they have it. I'm not sure. He's very evasive about that. He's still trying to distance himself from these documents, folks. He was issued a grand jury subpoena. Well -- let me back up for a second because this count is against Mazza & Sons, Inc. You have to think about how do you establish knowledge on behalf of a corporation? It's a difficult question. There's two ways to do it. An agent, like Dominick Mazza, can speak. He can have the knowledge of the corporation. Corporation is the sum total of its employee. You can have, as the judge will instruct you, collective corporate knowledge. One individual can know something, another individual can know that, but the sum total of the employees' knowledge has to be applied to the corporation. That's important here. Even if Dominick Mazza is saying I didn't know where the documents were, his company did. So he's issued a grand jury subpoena. Folks, by that -- by way of background, a grand jury subpoena is not a voluntary compliance It's not a request. It's an enforceable order document. to provide documents. Here's what we asked for. particular, look at the bottom circle there. It's asking for, among other things, all manifests, contacts, shipping information or any other document involving or

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regarding any disposal at an open dump, sanitary landfill or solid waste management facility in New York state. That's what we asked for. What we got was thousands of waste origin manifests. A lot of them not even going to anyone in New York. They papered us. They buried us with these things. But the interesting thing to note here is now he's saying, well, I'm not really sure we had a whole lot of waste management in manifests. The grand jury response is chocked full of them. They -- they were maintaining these documents in the normal course of their business. This was routine procedure for them to do so and it bears mentioning here, folks, some of those waste origin manifests will be in the original exhibit binders. They are original documents. Those waste management manifests -- you will notice, they are multiple copies. So you have a white copy on top followed by three carbons -- green, pink and yellow. Green, pink and yellow. Agents on the site did confiscate two of those copies. Julius DeSimone had a third. Dominick Mazza was maintaining the fourth and he didn't produce It also bears mentioning that he did produce manifest 1104; 1104 corresponded to the shipment that tested negative for asbestos. Another coincidence. at that. Here's what we didn't get, folks. Now, they

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may try to argue, well, there was other documents, that you could have compared this document to that document and then look over here at this document and go through all these binders like they tried to do with Investigator Clarke but Investigator Clarke testified the documents they may try to put in front of you don't show the same information, folks. They secreted these documents for a reason.

Those are the manifests that correspond upon pile three and four, sample 14 and 15. There is the samples, again, in the bags, and they correspond to positive hits for asbestos. It's just that simple.

Moreover, you heard Ron Feehan, another New Jersey DEP inspector, testify that he heard a Mazza & Sons, Inc., employee say something to the effect that Dominick Mazza probably had the Frankfort files.

Now, he's got a file that he was keeping. Why would he be keeping a file on his own, folks? Why not just keep it in the business with everything else? Think about that. But I would like to ask yourself this question while you're thinking about that. Have you noticed how every mistake, every misunderstanding, every typo, every omission, it's always to their benefit. It's always to Mazza & Son's benefit. He doesn't accidentally produce stuff that's inculpatory, that incriminates him.

It's only the stuff he doesn't produce. He doesn't overproduce, he underproduces consistently.

That's what he wants you to believe, that all this is just a misunderstanding, a mistake, an error, an omission. That's a lot of coincidences, folks.

That's a lot of errors and omissions. All of which are going to that man's favor.

Now, I've talked throughout the case about -- addressed some of the anticipated defenses, folks, throughout the presentation. Some of them, frankly, that have been raised through trial just defy categorization so let me try to address some of them now.

I believe on cross-examination of
Investigator Clarke counsel for Dominick Mazza said, Are
you aware that rejection only involved a couple pieces
of, like, a toilet seat. Well, among other things,
that's directly contradicted by the testimony of Fulton
Williams who said that the rejections dealt with hundreds
of pounds of asbestos that was hidden in loads that were
coming into Delaware Recycling from Mazza & Sons, Inc.
Moreover, folks, since when do we have fireproof toilet
seats? Why would a toilet seat be made out of asbestos
in the first place? It's ridiculous, folks.

There is also nearly half a day of testimony about chains of custody. Nearly half a day

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went by on this and one of the points, I guess the only point they really made is that the guy that carried the -- didn't do the analysis was the guy that carried the envelope from person A to person B didn't know how the analyst actually reduced the sample to powder. He argued with him, did you use a hammer? Did you -- that was the extent of their cross-examination, folks. It's very simple. Samples were taken in Delaware. They went through several people, they were analyzed, they came back positive for asbestos. That's all there is to it, folks. It's that simple.

And, again, Fulton Williams testified that in his estimation, with all the training he had, it was friable asbestos that they were seeing in these Mazza loads. This is -- this is a defense that's been made by Cross Nicastro. I haven't talked about him for a few minutes because he's only charged in count one but he has asserted a defense that he believed somebody else was getting the permit for this filling or this dumping. It's his property. He needs the permit. He needs to make the application. He needs to go to those agencies and get that. You can't rely on somebody else. That's the equivalent of me going and getting permits for wetland filling or dumping on all your property and then I can just trespass and dump all over your property.

That's not how the system works, folks.

The site wasn't secured -- that's been an argument made by Dominick Mazza -- between October and November when the site was closed to when it was sampling. The site wasn't secured. It's an open landfill, folks. It's not really a way to secure the site. They did block the ingress and egress. They did routine patrols. Corey Schoonover, who did the patrols, said the sites -- it didn't change. Likewise, what's the real insinuation here, that somebody drove into the site with a bag of pulverized transite siding and didn't just dump it on the ground in one spot but took the time to sprinkle it through piles three and four. It's not a valid argument. It's ridiculous.

Likewise, there is extensive cross-examination by Special Agent Derx -- of Special Agent Derx were, are a lot of times -- well, I won't comment on that, but regardless, they made a couple arguments. One, that he didn't sample the whole pile. That he didn't collect all the evidence. He's supposed to take 80,000 pounds out of these two piles and take them back to his evidence locker at CID? Is that what they want him to do? Likewise, they argue with him because they didn't piece together all the pieces of transite and rebuild the house. I guess that's what they

were arguing.

Well, folks, he took a representative sample of materials he was seeing littered throughout the pile, that's what he did. He followed NEIC procedures, EPA procedures and his training and experience. That's what he did.

And, lastly, there's been some argument -why were the Mazza defendants charged? There were other
people that dumped to the site. Well, they are ignoring
the fact that there's a conspiracy. We named some of the
individuals who were involved in the conspiracy. Some of
those individuals have died, some of them have been
unindicted, some have been indicted. Some have -- some
are not in this room, there's no doubt about that, but
the judge will instruct you, you're not to be considering
who else was involved in rendering your decision and
verdict as to these other people except to the extent to
establish a conspiracy.

Likewise, folks, the decision of who to charge rests with the United States. Not the Mazza defendants. The judge will instruct you that's not something you should be considering. I'll tell you, though, why the Mazza defendants were charged. No other defendant was caught dumping red-handed on the site other than Eagle Recycling and Mazza & Sons, Inc. Caught

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dumping asbestos-contaminated materials. No other defendant hid documents, falsified reports and made false statements to law enforcement. That's why Dominick Mazza and his company are on trial. Don't lose sight of that.

Folks, what I am begging you to do, please, please, please consider the evidence in this case, not the excuses. Consider the evidence that's in front of you and the judge will instruct you extensively on that. Consider the arguments -- not the arguments, not the insinuation. Consider the evidence and it is substantial in this case, ladies and gentlemen. There is a tremendous amount of evidence here, folks.

Now, the defendants are all going to give closings as well and I will have a chance to talk to you at the end and, again, I'm going to ask you while you're considering all their arguments, ask yourself, are they arguing evidence or are they arguing excuse? Please do that. The evidence, in addition, leads to but one conclusion here, folks. Guilt beyond a reasonable doubt. That's the verdict we are asking of you folks as against all these defendants on all these charges.

The facts establish it, the law supports it and justice demands it. We thank you for the time you put into this case and for your service. Thank you.

-U.S. v DeSIMONE - 11-CR-264 --CERTIFICATION I, Lisa L. Tennyson, RMR, CSR, CRR, Official Court Reporter in and for the United States District Court, Northern District of New York, hereby certify that the foregoing 42 pages of testimony taken by me to be an true excerpted computer-aided transcript to the best of my ability. fie L. Gerryen Lisa L. Tennyson, R.M.R., C.S.R., C.R.R. Lisa L. Tennyson, CSR, RMR, FCRR UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT - NDNY